

Major Coal Mines in India with States and Features

Now, let's take a look at the important coal mining areas all over India based on their categories and point out what makes them special and where they are located.

Coal Mines in Gondwana Coalfields

States	Name of Coal Mine	Features/Prominence
Jharkhand	Jharia, Dhanbad, Bokaro, Jayanti, Godda, Giridih (Karbhari Coal Field), Ramgarh, Karanpura, Daltonganj	Dhanbad - One of the oldest and richest coalfields in India, known as a storehouse of high-quality coking coal for metallurgical purposes. Giridih (Karbhari Coal Field) produces the finest coking coal in India for metallurgical applications.
West Bengal	Raniganj Coalfield, Dalingkot (Darjeeling) Birbhum, Chinakuri	Darjeeling and Jalpaiguri are the main producing districts. Raniganj is the first coalfield in India. Chinakuri is considered one of the deepest coal mines in India.
Chhattisgarh	Korba, Bishrampur, Sonhat, Jhilmil, Hasdo-Arand	Major contributors to thermal power generation.
Odisha	Jharsuguda, Himgiri, Rampur, Talcher	Talcher - Ranks second in reserves after Raniganj. Most of its coal is suitable for steam and gas production and is utilized in thermal power plants at Talcher.
Telangana/Andhra Pradesh	Singareni, Kothagudem, Kantapalli	Most coal reserves are located in the Godavari valley. Primarily non-coking coal is explored. Workable collieries are situated at Kothagudem and Singareni. Singareni is considered one of the deepest coal mines in India.
Madhya Pradesh	Singrauli, Sohagpur, Johila, Umaria, Satpura coalfield	Singrauli is the largest coalfield in Madhya Pradesh.
Maharashtra	Kamptee (Nagpur), Wun field, Wardha, Walarpur, Ghughus and Warora	Important coal-producing regions in the state.

Coal Mines in Tertiary Coalfields

States	Name of Coal Mine	Features/Prominence
Tamil Nadu	Neyveli	A significant source of lignite.
Assam	Ledo, Makum, Najira, Janji, Jaipur	Assam coals are characterized by low ash and high coking qualities. They have a high sulfur content, making them suitable for metallurgical purposes and ideal for producing liquid fuels and hydrogenation processes. Makum is notable as one of the oldest operating coalfields.
Meghalaya	Darrangiri (Garo hills), Cherrapunji, Liotryngew, Maolong and Langrin coalfields (Khasi & Jaintia Hills)	Primarily Tertiary coalfields.